

LORD BUDDHA ①

NATIONAL PUBLIC SCHOOL

Date — 19/04/2020 to 25/04/2020
Class — 7th — English Grammar
Chapter — 3rd — Types of Adjectives

Hello Students today we are going to study 'Formation of Adjectives'.

An adjective is a part of speech which describes, identifies, or quantifies a noun or a pronoun. So, the main function of an adjective is to modify a noun or a pronoun so that it becomes more specific and interesting.

There are different kinds of adjectives. These are:

- 1- Descriptive Adjectives —
They say something about the quality or the kind of the noun or pronoun they are referring to

(11)

Examples

Monica is witty
She is tired

He is an honest man
Kolkata is a large city.

-2 Adjectives of Number or
Adjectives of Quantity

These adjectives answer the questions
How much? or How many

Examples -

I ate some rice

He showed much patience

He has little intelligence.

He has lost all his wealth.

You have no sense

He did not eat any rice.

The whole sum was expended.

3- Demonstrative Adjectives

Demonstrative adjectives point out pronouns and nouns, and always come before the words they are referring to.

Examples:-

This boy is stronger than Hari.

These mangoes are sour.
I hate such things.
Those rascals must be punished.

4- Possessive Adjectives

This kind of adjectives show ownership or possession. These adjectives always come before nouns.

(V) (IV)

Examples: His, her, my, their, your
own,

Ram sold his plot
of land

This is your pen.

He sells his house

~~was~~ ~~preached~~ at school

She left her examination.

5 - Interrogative Adjectives

Interrogative Adjectives ask questions and are always followed by a noun.

What, which, and whose when they are used with nouns to ask questions, are called Interrogative Adjectives

Examples :-

What manner of man is he?
Which way shall we go?
Whose book is this?
What film are you watching?
Which plants should I water?

Formation of Adjectives

There is no general rule for forming adjectives. We know they are adjectives usually by what they do (their function) in a sentence. However, some word endings (suffix) are typical of adjectives.

Suffix

Examples

- able, -ible - comfortable, responsible
- al, -ial - comical, normal, musical
- ful - beautiful, peaceful

Suffix

Examples

- ic classic, economic
- ical Logical, aeronautical, alphabetical
- ish British, childish, Irish, foolish.
- ive active, alternative
- less endless, motionless, timeless
- eous, ious, -ous - spontaneous, hideous, ambitious, anxious, dangerous
- y - angry, busy, wealthy, windy

Forming adjectives from other words -

Suffix

Some adjectives are made from nouns and verbs by adding suffix.

Noun	adjective	Noun	adjective
hero	heroic	wind	windy
child	childish	beauty	beautiful
Verb	adjective	Verb	adjective
read	readable	Pollute	Polluting
use	useful	like	likeable