

LORD BUDDHA

National Public School

①

Date — 12/04/2020 to 12/04/18

class — 7th — Sub- English Grammar

Chapter — 2nd — Types of Nouns

Hello students today we are going to study about the Noun  
"A Noun is a word used as the name of a person, place or thing"

Note — The word thing is used to mean anything that we can think of

Look at the following sentence:

Ashok was a wise King

The noun Ashoka refers to a particular King. but the noun King might be applied to any other King as well as to Ashoka. We call Ashoka a proper Noun and King a Common Noun

The following are the different types of nouns:

(11)

**Def** - A common Noun is a name given in common to every person or thing of the same class or kind.

e.g. boy, town, insect, friend, house.

**Def** - A proper Noun is the name of some particular person or place.

e.g. Salman Khan, Belgium, Sunday.

**Def** - A collective Noun is the name of a number (or collection) of person or things taken together and spoken of as one whole; as

Crowd, mob, team, flock, herd, army, fleet, Jury, family, nation, parliament, committee.



A fleet - a collection of Ships or Vessels  
An army - a collection of Soldiers.  
A crowd - a collection of people. (1)

**Def** - An Abstract Noun is usually the name of a quality, action, or state considered apart from the objects, objects to which it belongs; as.

**Quality** - Goodness, Kindness, whiteness, darkness, hardness, brightness, honesty, wisdom, bravery.

**Action** - Laughter, theft, movement, Judgement, hatred.

**State** - Childhood, boyhood, Youth, slavery, sleep, Sickness, death, poverty.

The names of the Arts, and Science. (e.g. grammar, music, Chemistry, etc) are also Abstract Nouns.

14

— Abstract Nouns are formed —

① From Adjectives; as

Kindness from kind.

Honesty from honest.

② From Verbs; as,

Obedience from obey.

Growth from grow.

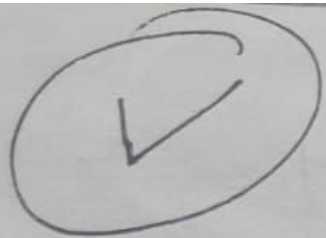
③ From Common Nouns; as,

Childhood from Child

Slavery from Slave

— Another classification of nouns is whether they are "countable" or "Uncountable"





Countable Nouns — are the names of objects, people, etc, that we can count, e.g. book, pen, apple, boy, sister, doctors, horse.

Uncountable Nouns — are the names of things which we cannot count, e.g. — milk, oil, sugar, gold, honesty, They mainly denote substances and abstract things.

Note → Countable nouns have plural forms while uncountable nouns do not. For examples, we say "books" but we cannot say "milks"

(VI)

Concrete Nouns — are the nouns which refer to people and things that exist physically and at least one of the senses can detect (can be seen, felt, heard, smelt, or tasted them).

Examples — tree, papaya, moon, coin, sock, bat, water, caterpillar.

### Exercise

— Point out the Nouns in the following sentences, and say whether they are Common, Proper, collective or Abstract?

- 1- The crowd was very big.
- 2- Always speak the truth.
- 3- We all love honesty.



VII

- 4- Our class consist of twenty pupils.
- 5- The elephant has great strength.
- 6- Solomon was famous for his wisdom.
- 7- Cleanliness is next to godliness.
- 8- We saw a fleet of ships in the harbour.
- 9- The class is studying grammar.
- 10- The Godavari overflows its banks every year.
- 11- A committee of five was appointed.
- 12- Jawahar Lal Nehru was the first prime minister of India.
- 13- The soldiers were rewarded for their bravery.
- 14- Without health there is no happiness.
- 15- He gave me a bunch of grapes.
- 16- I recognised your voice at once.
- 17- Our team is better than theirs.
- 18- Never tell a lie.

VIII IV

19 - Wisdom is better than Strength.

20 - He sets a high value on his time.

21 - I believe in his innocence.

22 - This room is thirty feet in length.

23 - I often think of the happy days of childhood.

24 - The streets of some of our cities are noted for their crookedness.

25 - What is your verdict, gentlemen of the jury.

### Exercise in Composition

Write the collective Nouns

used to describe a number of

(i) cattle

(ii) soldiers

(iii) sailors

Write the qualities that belong to boys who are

(i) Lazy

(ii) Cruel

(iii) Brave

(iv) Foolish